Exercise sheet 7 Theoretical Physics 3: QM WS2022/2023 Lecturer: Prof. Dr. M. Vanderhaeghen

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Exercise 1. Energy-time uncertainty relation (60 points)

Consider a particle in the infinite square well:

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & 0 \le x \le l \\ +\infty, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Which has as it's initial wave function a mixture of the first and second excited stationary states:

$$\Psi(x,0) = A(\Psi_2(x) + \Psi_3(x))$$

- a) (45 p.) Calculate σ_H , σ_x and $d\langle x \rangle/dt$.
- b) (15 p.) Check that energy-time uncertainty relation holds.

Exercise 2. Coherent states (40 points)

a) (5 p.) Prove that eigenfunctions $|\alpha\rangle$ of annihilation operator \hat{a} can be written in the following form:

$$|\alpha\rangle = e^{-|\alpha|^2/2} e^{\alpha \hat{a}^{\dagger}} |0\rangle$$

b) (15 p.) Show that these functions form a set of normalized but non-orthogonal states. *Hint*: use the Baker-Campbell-Hausdorff formula:

$$e^{\hat{A}}e^{\hat{B}} = e^{\left[\hat{A},\hat{B}\right]}e^{\hat{B}}e^{\hat{A}}$$

c) (20 p.) Harmonic oscillator Hamiltonian can be written in the form:

$$\hat{E} = \hbar\omega\left(\hat{n} + \frac{1}{2}
ight); \quad \hat{n} = \hat{a}^{\dagger}\hat{a}$$

Calculate the expectation value of \hat{n} in a state $|\alpha\rangle$, σ_n and additionally:

$$P\left(n\right) = |\langle \alpha | n \rangle|^2$$

Which can be interpreted as a probability to observe a coherent state $|\alpha\rangle$ with an energy E_n .

d) (15 p.) (Bonus) Prove that the creation operator \hat{a}^{\dagger} does not form a set of eigenfunctions.